

# Reconstruction of Human Epidermis in Culture

Commonly used acronym: RHE

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## **Contact person**

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# Organisation

Name of the organisation Université de Namur (UNamur)

**Department NARILIS** 

**Country** Belgium

**Geographical Area** Walloon

# **SCOPE OF THE METHOD**

The Method relates to	Human health
The Method is situated in	Basic Research
Type of method	In vitro - Ex vivo
Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs	Human epidermal keratinocytes

### **DESCRIPTION**

# **Method keywords**

skin

epidermis

Reconstructed human epidermis

cutaneous toxicology

epidermal irritation

epidermal infection

## Scientific area keywords

skin biology dermatology Infection models

# **Method description**

Method to culture human epidermal keratinocytes and seed them for tissue reconstruction at the air-liquid interface over a polycarbonate porous membrane.

# Lab equipment

- Culture hood,
- Culture incubator,
- Refrigerated centrifuge,
- Volt-ohm meter,
- Inverted phase-contrast microscope.

#### Method status

Published in peer reviewed journal

# PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL

### **Advantages**

- This method allows production of human epidermal organoids,
- Other cell types like melanocytes can be added to the reconstruction,
- It allows studies of epidermal barrier in normal and pathological conditions.

# **Challenges**

There is no immune cell of the adaptative system in the model.

### **Modifications**

This reconstruction can be performed over synthetic dermis.

# **Future & Other applications**

The model is increasingly used to mimick epidermal pathologies, either

inflammatory, infectious, or cancerous.

# REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION

# **Associated documents**

Poumay2004-ADR296-203.pdf
De Vuyst 2014 Epidermal cells 191.pdf
Frankart2012-EXD21-871.pdf

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