

# Human in vitro liver metabolism using HLM, HLCYT and Liquid Chromatography coupled to High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry

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## Organisation

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Country Belgium
Geographical Area Flemish Region

# SCOPE OF THE METHOD

The Method relates to	Environment, Human health
The Method is situated in	Basic Research
Type of method	In vitro - Ex vivo
Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs	Human Liver Microsomes and Human Liver Cytosol

## DESCRIPTION

#### Method keywords

HLM HLCYT Liquid chromatography mass spectrometry Metabolism liver in vitro

#### Scientific area keywords

Toxicology analytical chemistry liver metabolism Drug metabolism Drug discovery

## Method description

A compound of interest (e.g. new psychoactive substance, endocrine disrupting compound, ...) is incubated with human liver microsomes and liver cytosolic fractions to generate both Phase I and II metabolites. Samples are prepared for analysis using a simple method in order to avoid possible losses of biotransformation products. The extracts are analysed using liquid chromatography coupled to quadrupole time-of-flight mass spectrometry. Identification of the biotransformation products is performed using complementary screening workflows. These include a suspect screening based on *in silico* predictions and nontargeted screening using either vendor-specific or in-house developed open-source software protocols.

## Lab equipment

- Warm water bath (37°C) ;
- Temperature-controlled nitrogen evaporator ;
- Centrifuge ;
- LC coupled to high-resolution mass spectrometry (for identification).

## Method status

Published in peer reviewed journal

# **PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL**

#### Advantages

- Optimized assay with different timepoints, negative and positive controls and method blanks ;

- Tested for a variety of substrates (NPSs, EDCs, ...) resulting in multiple publications ;
- Custom data analysis possible, according to research question ;
- Besides analytical equipment (LC-HRMS) no need for expensive equipment.

## Challenges

- Possible over or underestimation of in vivo biotransformation;
- Suspect screening dependent on strength of *in silico* predictions.

# Modifications

- No further optimizations are planned for the near future.

# **REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Associated documents

2018 - Vervliet Mortele et al - DTA - 5Cl-THJ-018.pdf

2019 - Vervliet - Toxicology - HLM DEMO.pdf

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