Drug-induced phospholipidosis in hepatic cells derived from human skin-derived precursors

SCOPE OF THE METHOD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Method relates to</th>
<th>Human health</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Method is situated in</td>
<td>Translational - Applied Research</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of method</td>
<td>In vitro - Ex vivo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This method makes use of</td>
<td>Human derived cells / tissues / organs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DESCRIPTION

Method keywords
- toxicology
- in vitro
- drug testing
- Intracellular lipids
- phospholipids
Phospholipidosis
amiodarone

Scientific area keywords

hepatic differentiation
Hepatotoxicity
skin-derived precursors
skin stem cells

Method description

Drug-induced phospholipidosis (DIPL) is a metabolic disorder characterized by an excessive intracellular accumulation of phospholipids caused by cationic drugs. Hepatic cells derived from human skin are evaluated as an in vitro model to investigate DIPL and its mechanisms. Human skin stem cells (hSKP) are isolated, under informed consent, from human circumcised foreskin samples of young boys and hSKP are differentiated for 24 days to obtain hepatic-like cells (hSKP-HPC), as previously described. hSKP-HPC are exposed to amiodarone, a drug known to induce phospholipidosis in humans. Upon exposure to amiodarone for 24, 48, 72h, hSKP-HPC retain intracellular phospholipids, form lamellar bodies and show alterations at the gene expression level. Overall, these findings prove that hSKP-HPC might contribute to setting up an accurate in vitro platform for hepatotoxicity testing.

Lab equipment

Laminar air flow;
Flow cytometry;
Transmission electron microscopy;
Reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction (qPCR) reagents.

Method status
PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL

Advantages

Applicability of hSKP-HPC for the quick assessment of drug-induced phospholipidosis in vitro;
Different human donors can be tested to assess toxicity.

Future & Other applications

In vitro toxicity testing in the drug development process

REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION

References


_associated_documents

Associated documents

Article A Natale 2017.pdf

PARTNERS AND COLLABORATIONS

Organisation

Name of the organisation Vrije Universiteit Brussel (VUB)
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