

Assessment of estrogenic or anti-estrogenic activity of chemicals by the human stably transfected estrogen sensitive MELN cell line

Commonly used acronym: hER assay with MELN cell line

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SCOPE OF THE METHOD

The Method relates to	Animal health, Environment, Human health
The Method is situated in	Translational - Applied Research
Type of method	In vitro - Ex vivo
This method makes use of	Animal derived cells / tissues / organs
Species from which cells/tissues/organs are derived	Human
Type of cells/tissues/organs	Breast cancer cells (transfected)

DESCRIPTION

Method keywords

hER transactivation assay

MELN cell line

cytotoxicity assessment

luciferase activity

Scientific area keywords

endocrine disruption of chemicals

estrogen activity

Method description

MELN cells [provided by INSERM, Montpellier, FR; *Balaguer et al. (1999)*] are oestrogen-sensitive human breast cancer cells (MCF-7) stably transfected with the oestrogen-responsive gene (ERE- \square Glo-Luc-SVNeo) carried by integrated plasmids. A standard set-up has been developed to expose MELN cells and measure ER-transactivation for xeno-oestrogenic compounds. Cells are exposed for 19-20 hours to dilutions of test compounds (dissolved at 0.1% DMSO) in comparison to a dilution series of the positive control, 17 β -estradiol. At the end of the incubation period, the remaining medium is removed for analysis of cell damage using the CytoTox-ONE Homogenous Membrane Integrity Assay (Promega) as described by *Berckmans et al. (2007)*. Next, cells are lysed and luciferase assay is applied. The hER \square activation is expressed as percentage of luciferase induction by the vehicle control, and concentration response curves are generated (Graphpad Prism software). The estrogenic potency of chemicals is assessed through comparison of EC50 values relative to the EC50 of 17 β -estradiol.

Lab equipment

Laminar flow ;

Cell incubator ;

Microplate reader for fluorescence and luminescence detection.

Method status

History of use

Internally validated

Published in peer reviewed journal

PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL

Advantages

High-throughput method for screening of estrogen activity ;
Agonist or antagonist mode.

REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION

References

Witters H, Freyberger A, Smits K, Vangenechten C, Lofink W, Weimer M, Bremer S, Ahr PH, Berckmans P. (2010). The assessment of estrogenic or anti-estrogenic activity of chemicals by the human stably transfected estrogen sensitive MELN cell line: Results of test performance and transferability. *Reprod Toxicol.* 30 (1), 60-72.

Associated documents

[Witters et al Repr Tox 30-2010, 60-72.pdf](#)

PARTNERS AND COLLABORATIONS

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Name of the organisation VITO

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