

Vitreoretinal explant

Commonly used acronym: VR explant

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SCOPE OF THE METHOD

The Method relates to	Human health
The Method is situated in	Basic Research
Type of method	In vitro - Ex vivo
This method makes use of	Animal derived cells / tissues / organs
Species from which cells/tissues/organs are derived	Bovine
Type of cells/tissues/organs	Retina with vitreous attached

DESCRIPTION

Method keywords

intravitreal injection

ocular delivery

retinal delivery
nanomedicines
vitreous mobility
inner limiting membrane

Scientific area keywords

ocular delivery
nanomedicines
intravitreal stability
retinal delivery
bovine eyes

Method description

Retinal gene delivery via intravitreal injection is hampered by various physiological barriers present in the eye of which the vitreoretinal (VR) interface represents the most serious hurdle. We present a retinal explant model especially designed to study the role of this interface as a barrier for the penetration of vectors into the retina. In contrast to all existing explant models, the developed model is bovine-derived and more importantly, keeps the vitreous attached to the retina at all times to guarantee an intact VR interface. After *ex vivo* intravitreal injection into the living retinal explant, the route of fluorescent carriers across the VR interface (vitreous and inner limiting membrane) can be tracked.

Lab equipment

Method status

Published in peer reviewed journal

PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL

Advantages

Representative vitreous and inner limiting membrane intravitreal injections possible.

Challenges

Only viable for 1-2 days ;

No vitreal flow or clearance pathways present.

Modifications

Could be adapted to whole eye model with perfusion to mimick vitreal flows.

REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION

References

Karen Peynshaert, Joke Devoldere, Valérie Forster, Serge Picaud, Christian Vanhove, Stefaan C. De Smedt & Katrien Remaut (2017) Toward smart design of retinal drug carriers: a novel bovine retinal explant model to study the barrier role of the vitreoretinal interface, Drug Delivery, 24:1, 1384-1394, DOI: 10.1080/10717544.2017.1375578

Associated documents

PARTNERS AND COLLABORATIONS

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Name of the organisation Ghent University (UGent)

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Geographical Area

Flemish

Region

Coordinated by



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