

# 3D organoids and organoid derived monolayers from patients with inflammatory bowel disease

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# **Organisation**

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Department Department of Chronic Diseases and Metabolism

Specific Research Group or Service

Translational Research in GastroIntestinal Disorders (TARGID) - IBD Group Country Belgium

Geographical Area Flemish Region

## **SCOPE OF THE METHOD**

The Method relates to	Human health
The Method is situated in	Basic Research, Education and training, Translational - Applied Research
Type of method	In vitro - Ex vivo
Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs	Intestinal epithelial cells from human intestinal biopsies

## **DESCRIPTION**

# **Method keywords**

organoids
ECM
3D culture
Coculture model
Transwell

## Scientific area keywords

inflammatory bowel disease ulcerative colitis crohn's disease stem cells epithelial cells intestinal crypt

## **Method description**

Intestinal organoids are cultured from intestinal biopsies obtained during routine endoscopy. The stem cell containing crypts are isolated and cultured in a 3D ECM (Matrigel) in the presence of the desired growth factors. The present stem cells will expand and give rise to all epithelial cells of the intestinal epithelium while maintaining location, disease and patient specific characteristics. 3D organoids can be used to evaluate several mechanism including responses to inflammatory stimuli, microbiota stimulation, analysis of epithelial (transport) mechanisms in the development/progress of IBD. In addition, 3D organoids can be dissociated and seeded into 2D transwells to allow access to the apical side of the cells for exposure towards different components.

## Lab equipment

- Biosafety cabinet ;
- CO2 cell incubator:
- Centrifuge Microscope.

#### Method status

Published in peer reviewed journal

# PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL

## **Advantages**

Organoids and organoid derived monolayers maintain region, disease and patient-specific characteristics.

# Challenges

- Only epithelial cells (no immune cells) present.
- Requires specialized training ECM and medium including growth factors is rather expensive.

#### **Modifications**

- Organoids can be cultured from multiple organs.
- Possibilities for co-culture with other cell-types are being explored.

# **Future & Other applications**

Organoids have/are currently been/being developed from different organs and are widely applied for the analysis of different mechanisms (drug testing, barrier function, specific mutations...).

# REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION

## References

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